

PLACES OF INTEREST

- 1 Nazareth is the boyhood home of Jesus (Matthew 21:11). Explore the winding market streets and the largest church in the Middle East.
- 2 Zippori was an important Roman administrative city at the time of Jesus. Wander ancient ruins and admire unparalleled Byzantine mosaics. There is fee enter Zippori National Park.
- Mash'had is associated with the city of the prophet Jonah's birth.
- Cana is the traditional site of Jesus' first miracle of turning water into wine (John 2:11). Renew your wedding vows at the Wedding Church of Cana.
- 5 The Horns of Hattin is a volcanic hill where a famous Crusader battle took place, when Saladin defeated the Crusader forces in 1187. The views of Arbel Valley and the Sea of Galilee are stunning.
- 6 Nebi Shu'eib is the most important shrine for the Druze religion. It holds the tomb of the greatest Druze prophet, Jethro, the father-in- law of Moses, whom the Druze believe to be the father of monotheism.
- Arbel Cliffs give a bird's-eye view of the region of Jesus' ministry. On the trail down, explore ancient caves from the Maccabean Revolt. Visit an ancient synagogue. There is a fee to enter Arbel National Park.
- 8 Magdala was the hometown of Mary Magdalene and was known for its dried fish. Now has a new Church and a visitor's center.
- 9 The Jesus Boat Museum houses a 1 st-century wooden fishing boat that sailed the Sea of Galilee around the time of Jesus.
- Tabgha is the traditional site of the feeding of the 5,000 (John 6). A church marks the spot with ancient mosaics. A popular place for fishing, several of the disciples may have been from this area of the sea.
- The Mount of Beatitudes is the traditional site of the Sermon on the Mount, where Jesus spoke the beatitudes (blessings) including, "Blessed are the peacemakers" (Matthew: 5:1-12).
- The Church of the Primacy of St. Peter is built over a rock traditionally thought to be where Jesus shared a meal with his disciples after the resurrection (John 21:13-14).
- (Matthew 4:13). Today you can see the ruins of the synagogue, the church at St. Peter's house, and other archaeological remains. There is a fee to enter the historic site.
- Most of Jesus' ministry took place around the Sea of Galilee, the largest freshwater lake in Israel (Matthew 4:18).
- Tiberias was an important city for rabbinical Judaism (John 6:23). Its attractions include archaeological ruins, beaches and hot springs.
- Jesus was baptized by John in the Jordan River (Matthew 3:13-17). Today, visitors can be baptized at Yardenit on the Jordan River.
- Mt. Tabor is the traditional site of the transfiguration of Jesus (Matthew 17). Today the mountain features two churches and a view of the Jezreel Valley.
- Mt. Precipice is the traditional place where the people of Nazareth tried to throw Jesus off a cliff (Luke 4:29). Today there is a small park and views of the Jezreel Valley and Mt. Tabor.

